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WILMINGTON POST

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LATE GENERAL NEWS.

The Rev. Jacob Abbott, a noted author of books for children, died recently at Farmington, Maine. He wrote the "Young Christian," the "series of celebrated sovereigns," the "Rollo Books," &c., and news about the most voluminous and popular writer of that place. He was 76 years old, and had graduated at Bowdoin College in 1020.

President Hayes has announced himself in favor of Virginia paying her debt.

When the Republicans get control of Congress again they will turn out Lamar, Hampton, Butler, Chalmers and every one of the fraudulently elected southern member and Senators.

The Indian war has probably pretty nearly ended. The murderers of Thornburg and party will be given up.

Gen. and Mrs. Grant went down into a mine in Nevada, 2,850 feet, and on the way up Mrs. Grant was presented with a gold brick by the officers of the Virginia mine.

The New York election occurs next Tuesday. "A little more grape, Captain Bragg."

It is now asserted that Senator Bayard takes a good deal of quiet satisfaction in the result in Ohio, and that he thinks the next national convention will declare for hard money. The satisfaction undoubtedly comes from the the political demise of Thurman and Hendricks *et id omne genus*.

In the lower House of the Prussian Diet, Herr Von Koeler was elected President, receiving 218 votes to 164 cast for Herr Von Bennings-n. Herr Barda, National Liberal, and Herr Herlman, Ultramontane, were elected Vice Presidents. Dr. Feidberg, Imperial Secretary of State for Justice, has been appointed Prussian Minister of Justice.

Sir Frederick Roberts has issued a proclamation assuming control of Afghanistan, and asking the Afghan authorities to respect his orders. It promises justice and kind treatment to the people of the country, and faithful service, but threatens punishment of all offences against the British administration. After the council to which the Afghan authorities and chiefs have been invited, arrangements will be made for the permanent government of the country.

Mr. Samuel Warren has just published a compendium of the theological works of Emanuel Swedenborg, the Swedish Seer. The biography accompanying the work is by Mr. John Bigelow and shows that Swedenborg was an advanced scientist and a practical man, the inventor of the stove, the first who put forth the atomic theory, the father of the modern science of crystallography, the discoverer of the identity of lightning with electricity, the first who demonstrated that planetary motion was derived from the sun, and other things in science. This theological work contain more than 10,000 pages.

It is said that the nincompoops who ran Tilden's literary bureau in 1876 are starting it again, awe that southern editors are beginning to assent to Tilden's nomination.

Ex-Gov. Brown of Tennessee, the Vice President of the Texas Pacific railroad, states that the corporation will not ask any more aid of Congress.

Ex-Vice President Schuyler Colfax delivered his lecture, "Across the Continent," at Baltimore, and the President, Mr. Key and Gen. Hawley, the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, were present.

Dr. John Jay Abernethy, for many years Medical Director of the United States Navy, died last week in New York, aged 74, of heart disease.

It is said that the Supreme Court are giving the cold shoulder to Judge Field, for his stump speech on the Thurman Pacific Railroad act.

General Woodford's story of the Chisholm trial is doing more to make Stalwarts than anything since the Yazoo murder.

SECRETARY SHERMAN.

Secretary Sherman on his arrival at Syracuse was received with a salute of 100 guns, and by the Republican County Committee who waited on him at Rochester and escorted him to the city. The hall was literally packed with voters, and hundreds of people who came half an hour after the doors were opened could not obtain standing-room within the hall. No larger audience was ever congregated in the opera house.

A large number of mechanics, farmers, and laboring men were present; and business men left their offices and stores to hear the campaign issues discussed. It was a thinking audience—one which comprehended the magnitude of the great questions and realized the dangers which beset the government. The most earnest attention was given to Mr. Sherman's address, and the satisfaction which it gave was manifested in loud and frequent applause.

The Secretary and Gen. Stewart L. Woodward spoke at Rochester in the evening.

He had spoken to an immense crowd at Albany the day before.

HONEST DEMOCRACY(?)

Pender County Leads in Small Matters.

In 1878 Mr. A. V. Horrell, of Union Township, a Republican, was elected by the people of that township to the office of constable, leading the combined vote of four other candidates 54 votes. At the first meeting in September of this year, in obedience to an order of the Board requiring a new bond, Mr. Horrell appeared before the Commissioners and submitted an additional one, justified in double the amount required, which was accepted and filed in the office of the Register. Subsequently Mr. Horrell was informed by Mr. Daul Shaw, Chairman of the Board of Commissioners, and a *good Democrat*, as the term is understood in precincts of Republican majorities, that a fee of one dollar was necessary for purposes of record of the bond, which appearing to Mr. Horrell to be only the unwritten law of the Democracy, he refused to pay. The consequences of refusing this illegal demand was that Chairman Shaw and the Board of Democratic Commissioners of Pender county at their next meeting afterward declared the office vacant and proceeded to an election of one of their own stripe in place of Mr. Horrell.

The office has been worth one dollar and fifty cents to a Republican since last January, but who can fathom the opportunities and honors resulting to the Democracy by this brilliant scheme.

The Roanoke *News* complains that while the larger part of the Democratic votes is cast in the east, the offices largely go to the west. The *News* seems to mean business in the matter, hints that the "political machine is rotten," and proposes:

The east may vote and elect the state officials and those very officials when they have an appointment to make, do it with a view to help their chances to something higher without once considering what section is most entitled to it. The east being without members of the Legislature is given the cold shoulder. There is one way in which the east can make itself felt, and that is in convention. Let her delegates go there and demand that they be recognized and their claims considered. Let them go there determined on having its rights. If they go in their strength and united, woe be unto him politically who refuses their just demands.

Hon. John Sherman was received in New York last week with the grandest and most enthusiastic gatherings of the people of any man during the campaign. The crowds could not be accommodated by the very largest halls. It was one complete ovation for Mr. Sherman from one end of the state to the other. It is now believed by many that New York will go for Sherman in the next National Convention.

During our visit to the National Capitol last week we were much surprised at the unanimous manner in which the leading Republicans of the country who were visiting Washington spoke of Hon. John Sherman's chances for the Presidency. The universal verdict seems to be that he will be nominated at the next National Republican Convention on the first ballot, and elected by the largest majority of any candidate since the war.

Gen. Grant's friends in Washington do not think he will allow his name to be run for the Presidency under any circumstances. Mr. Sherman and Gen. Grant being close personal friends, it is believed that Grant would prefer Sherman to any other man.

Old J. Watson Webb writes that the late Mrs. Gales wrote out Webster's speech on Hayne from her husband's short hand which he couldn't read.

The Sons of Temperance number about 90,000 in North America, the Temple of Honor 20,000, and the Good Templars, whose order extends to many nations, number some 450,000.

WASHINGTON LETTER

Washington, D. C.,
October 27, 1879.

Dear Post: There is really no news to send you. The National Fair which will begin to-morrow, seems to be the only live topic of conversation, and that and the ceremony of unveiling the army of the Cumberland's statue of "Pap" Thomas bid fair to make this the liviliest week Washington has known since last "inauguration day." Politically, attention is just now turned to the three-cornered contest in New York, which really might be styled the funeral of the Democratic party. Cornell, despite his innate weakness, will be elected and Samuel J. Tilden's chances for the Presidency buried from sight and remembrance forever, and the manliness of the leaders of our administration, in ignoring self and personal likes and dislikes, in the interest of good government, and taking their Cornell crow kindly, will be a fitting monument for the "vaulting ambition that o'erstept itself." But all these state elections are but straws to indicate the probable standard bearers in the Presidential contest in 1880. All thinking men know that if the Constitutional Amendments are to be maintained and the results of the war secured beyond doubt or dispute, that the government must remain in the hands of the Republicans, and the only question among Republicans seems to be under whose lead we shall march to victory. Bayard or Hancock, McClellan or Butler, or whoever else the Democracy nominate will get the vote of such southern states as are really Democratic or can be made so by systematized bulldozing and may carry Indiana and New Jersey, but all the other states will "march under the flag and keep step to the music of the Union"—by giving Republican majorities.

It behoores our party then to select, with care, the man to whom the destinies of our country will be confided during the next four years, and if our domination is equivalent to election it should be wisely and thoughtfully considered, and not made, as is too often done in party conventions, in a "hurrah boys!" excitement, when principles are thrust aside by oratorical clap-trap. Many persons say the discussion of the Presidential nomination at this time is premature. It may be so, for what may happen before the last Democratic Congress our country will ever be cursed with ends its expiring wriggles, no fore-sight can tell; but as matters stand now the choice of the Republicans appears to be between Blaine and Grant and Sherman. Our party strong in right and justice, can win with either, but our country demands our best and the Republicans are not wont to deny their best and bravest at their country's call.

Senator Blaine is a very able man, genial and popular, has numbers of staunch adherents in every state and is especially strong in the north west. The weight he has to carry in the race, is his implication in the Credit Mobilier, his ocean steamer subsidy speech to the New York Chamber of Commerce and the substitute he put in the army when drafted to serve as a soldier, and this is the weight that will pull him down. The Mobilier business may be, and I trust is a slander, and the subsidy speech might be excused as an error of judgment; but men as able, men of as much culture and of as refined social ties as Mr. Blaine were serving in the Union army, and when he was called on by the law to take his place with the boys in blue he should not have shirked the duty. Our people will seldom forgive and never forget, lukewarmness in the nation's cause, in the day of the nation's peril.

Grant returns to us from his triumphant progress round the world and amid the glamour of public receptions and welcomes from states and cities and towns, intimates graciously to us that if we desire him to accept the Presidency, our call must be spontaneous and unanimous. He has repeatedly expressed himself as averse to enter again into politics—"each time more gently," as Cæsar put away the crown Marc Antony offered at the feast of Lupercal, and heaven knows our party need not beg the leadership of any man as a favor. The General who led our armies to victory will ever be dear to the American people, but no political economist can point with pride to the expenditure account of Grant's eight years as President.

As a soldier, a success, as a President, a disappointment. As a soldier glorious, for fighting and sticking to it. As a politician too stolid, reserved and taciturn. The weight he has to carry is, the unfinished quarrels and heartburns of his former terms, the third term infringement on the custom established by Washington, the undeniable fact that whiskey frauds and spoliations of the revenue in his second term lost us the control of Congress and made possible the present conglomerate of doughfaces and Confederate brigadiers, and the unconcealed desire of the Democracy for his nomination to enable them to raise the cry of "Cæsarism" and ironically beg the Republican majority, if they are set to surrender the country to "the man on horseback," to see to it, that the man has at least more brains than the horse.

John Sherman in all requirements for the position of President of the United States, stands pre-eminent. His abilities are equal to all emergencies and his character is spotless in all relations of life, private and public. It is pure gold, that shines the brighter the more it is rubbed. Honesty and himself are synonyms. The modest competence he gained in his profession has sufficed for his wants and though millions upon millions pass as it were through his hands, and untold opportunities for speculation are open to him, yet no man, no thing, not even a partisan liar of the Democratic press, has ever impugned his spotless integrity. Against him no charge of standing in with corrupt rings, or soiling his hands and his soul with dirty railroad bonds, can be made. His character is his passport to public respect and confidence, and his public record the history of his unfaltering devotion to principle and his claim to Republican support. The author and steadfast upholder of the resumption act, he is the embodied exponent of the prosperity which brightens the firesides and faces of our people throughout the length and breadth of our land.

Space will not permit an enumeration of his financial achievements; let it suffice that he saves to the people in interest every year more millions than Buchanan's whole Democratic administration stole during the four years they were trying to disarm, impoverish and betray the nation.

The recent verdict in Ohio shows what his neighbors and friends think of the man who is our first and last choice for the honor of leading the Republican host to victory in 1880, to the fore ordained victory of honest and equal money, fair play and equal chance to rich and poor, to black and white, to the triumphant vindication of national supremacy over all the machinations of the solid Democratic secession, state rights, bulldozers and bullies, with their congenial backing of inflationists and repudiators.

The righteousness of our cause, the innate justice of our principles, will probably give us the victory with Grant or Blaine but to nominate honest John Sherman is to "make assurance doubly sure, and take a bond of fate."

A. J.

Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 24, 1879.

To the Post:

Your rooster of last week was the "biggest thing on facts" that I have seen for a long time. Long live that rooster and the Post on which he perches. John Sherman is a business man and a man of the people. He is the only politician in America who has a sound idea in his head of business principles as connected with politics. Grant will not run as a pacificator, so let us have Sherman as a curer of financial troubles. He is really the business man of the age. The American people should feel proud of the two great heroes Grant and Sherman, Grant a hero in war and generosity, and Sherman a hero of enormous strength in finances to lift us out of "hard times" and make property for all. The time has come for a financial and business President. Ohio has named the man put the seal upon his brow. Sherman, and success will follow as surely and certainly as Ohio pronounced it on last Tuesday.

Yours truly,
Oak City.

Work on the W. N. C. Railroad.

The people of Ashville, and those interested in the W. N. C. Railroad reaching this point, may at last flatter themselves that the goal has been almost reached. We have most flattering accounts of the progress of the work towards Asheville. During the month of September 140 feet of the "bench" were taken out of the Swannanoa tunnel, leaving on the first day of October only 147 feet to be removed, and the work is continuing night and day with three sets of hands. The cars on this side of the mountain on Monday morning commenced running from Alexander's, 12 miles distant, and this week will reach Cooper's, 11 miles distant. A permanent depot is to be established at this latter place. It is claimed that in six weeks the track will be completed to Gudger's Ford, only six miles distant when the run down toe Swannanoa will commence. A stockade has already been built at the Reed farm near the Swannanoa bridge, a little over a mile from the corporate limits, and the work at this end will commence either this or next week.—*Madison News.*

It seems that the Democrats of Chicago have nominated some Confederate Brigadier for Judge of one of their courts, and the *Inter-Ocean* expresses its mind on the subject in the manner following:

Don't our citizens think it about time to put the foot down on this rebel Brigadier business? We have had a tolerably fair trial of the Confederate element in Congress. We have "left them alone" until they have kicked up the devil and instituted a reign of terror in almost every southern state.

Haven't we gone far enough without importing a Confederate gentleman to sit as Judge of one of our courts?

Are our citizens so packed and waddled with sweet conciliation that they must needs show their profound gratitude to the Gusleys and the Barksdales of the south by electing a Confederate soldier Judge of the Superior Court?

CITY ITEMS.

Chew Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco. ly

No Fayetteville steamers arrived yesterday.

Timber is scarce and in demand in this city.

No interments in Oakdale Cemetery during the week.

Stanley's floating compress was at work during the week.

Only one interment in Bellevue Cemetery during the week, and that a child.

Marriage licenses were issued to three white and two colored couples during the week.

Two children and three adults were interred in Pine Forest Cemetery during the past week.

The U. S. District Court convenes in this city to-morrow, his Honor Judge Brooks presiding.

The damage done to the steeple of St. Paul's Lutheran Church by the late storm has been repaired.

Rev. J. B. Taylor, who has been absent from the city has returned, and will fill his pulpit to-day.

Rev. Dr. Patterson has returned home, and will delight his congregation with one of his fine sermons to-day.

All the fire alarm telephones are complete and in order, and the city now has a first-class fire alarm system.

The County Commissioners, Board of Audit and Board of Aldermen meet in regular monthly meeting to-morrow afternoon.

Col. A. M. Waddell delivered before the Historical and Scientific Society on Monday night to a crowded house one of his addresses on the early settlement of North Carolina.

There was quite a rush of excursionists from along the line of the C. C. Railway last week. They seemed to be having a good time in sight seeing and visiting their friends.

A newly born female infant was left on the doorstep of Mr. W. Holland's residence near the corner of Fifth and Nun streets on Monday night last. The little stranger's parentage is unknown.

Nicholas VanSoelen has made a map of the county of New Hanover and the city with a pen, which is a marvel of skill and taste. They are the most accurate maps of these places, no doubt, in existence.

Judge Meares has ordered a special term of the Criminal Court to sit on Monday November 24th, in order to get out of the way of the Superior Court, both of which were to meet on the same day.

Promptness—Sheriff Manning turned over last week $10,885. The sum of $10,000 of this amount goes towards paying off the old bonds. These were the taxes collected by the Sheriff during the previous week.

Fires.—The old Whitfield house in the southwestern portion of the city was destroyed by fire on Monday morning. The city has been rid of one of its most disreputable buildings by the conflagration. Mr. Marcus Bear's residence on Fifth between Market and Princess streets, was discovered to be in flames about two o'clock Monday morning. The damage was but slight and was covered by insurance.

The North Carolina *Gazette* rises to remark that it does not believe that the state "is at all safe for the Democratic party in the coming canvass," and adds "that she is gone unless the very best men are put forward." The Raleigh *Observer* concurs in this explanation of the situation, and adds that "should Judge Buxton be nominated for Governor by the Radicals, North Carolina may be wrested from us in spite of all we can do, and with the gubernatorial candidate will govern the electoral vote."

Saint Waldron.—Many people in this city will remember the dry goods dealer, R. S. Waldron. He came here from Manchester, N. H., where he was employed as clerk in Barton & Co.s. large drygoods establishment. He left here about three years ago. A gentleman who recently has been westward saw some one who knew Waldron. He said that he had become a Mormon Saint, and rejoiced in six wives, but he said not know the number of his children. Notwithstanding Brigham Young is dead we may have confidence the church of the holy anointed will be prosperous as long as Saint Waldron survives.

There is to be a tournament at Bargaw on the 5th inst.

Naval Stores.—All naval stores have been jumping all the week. From Thursday to Friday spirits turpentine went up 3 cents, and strained rosin 5 cents, and yellow dip $2,75. Tar went up 5 cents. It is beginning to make things lively on Water street.

Attacked by an Eagle—An Enormous Eagle Attempts to Carry Off a Child.

[From the Duluth Tribune.]

We are in receipt of a letter from C. Wieland, Esq., Auditor of Lake county dated the 3d inst., of which the following is the substance:

Yesterday afternoon, while little August Barr, aged 7 years, was playing with his sisters—one 5 years old and the other 8½—near by his father's house, an enormous eagle pounced down upon them, throwing the two girls to the ground. It immediately attacked the younger one grasping one of the child's arms with the claws of one foot, while the claws of the other foot were deeply buried in the child's face, and it attempted to carry the child off, but was prevented by its struggles. Little August, seeing that he could do nothing with his own hands to help his sister, ran quickly into the house, got the butcher knife and came out and whacked away at the eagle's legs, cutting one of them severely near the foot, whereupon the savage bird let go of the little girl and attacked the boy, knocking him over, tearing his pants, and giving him some severe scratches. In the meantime the screams of the children brought out their mother, whereupon the eagle flew off to the barn, on which he sat, and looked as though he would like to renew the contest should a favorable opportunity offer itself; but he stayed there a little too long for his own good, as Joe Betzle, a neighbor, was called, who took down his gun and shot this great "emblem of American freedom," and his eagleship, when killed, was found to measure seven feet from wing-tip to wing-tip!

The little girl who had this remarkable encounter is very badly scratched, but not seriously hurt.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRANT'S TOUR
Around The World.

A COMPLETE RECORD OF THE JOURney of General U. S. Grant, through England, Ireland, Scotland, France, Spain, Germany, Austria, Italy, Belgium, Switzerland, Russia, Egypt, India, China, and Japan, with a graphic description of the places visited, manners and customs of the countries, interesting incidents, enthusiastic ovations by Emperors, Kings, and the people of all climes. Sure success to all who take hold; will positively outsell all books.

AGENTS WANTED To sell this, the cheapest, the best, and the only authentic low-priced book on the subject. 800 pages. Price $3.25. Address FORSHEE & McMAKIN, 188 West Fifth Street, Cincinnati, O. oct 26 4t

REASONS WHY
PERRY DAVIS'
PAIN-KILLER
IS THE
Best Family Medicine of the Age.

And why it should be kept always near at hand:

1st. PAIN-KILLER is the most certain Cholera cure that medical science has produced.

2nd. PAIN-KILLER, as a Diarrhœa and Dysentery remedy, seldom if ever fails.

3rd. PAIN-KILLER will cure Cramps or Pains in any part of the system. A single dose usually affects a cure.

4th. PAIN-KILLER will cure dyspepsia and Indigestion, if used according to directions.

5th. PAIN-KILLER is an almost never-failing cure for Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c

6th. PAIN-KILLER has proved a Sovereign Remedy for Fever and Ague, and Chill Fever; it has cured the most obstinate cases.

7th. PAIN-KILLER as a liniment is unequaled for Frost Bites, Chilblains, Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, &c.

8th. PAIN-KILLER has cured case of Rheumatism and Neuralgia after years standing.

9th. PAIN-KILLER will destroy Boils, Felons, Whitlows Old Sores, giving relief from pain after the first application.

10th. PAIN-KILLER cures Headache, and Toothache.

11th. PAIN-KILLER will save you days of sickness and many a dollar in time and Doctor's bills.

12th. PAIN-KILLER has been before the public over thirty-seven years and is a purely Vegetable preparation, safe to keep and use in every family. The simplicity attending its use, together with the great variety of diseases that may be entirely eradicated by it, and the great amount of pain and suffering that can be alleviated through its use, make it imperative upon every person to supply themselves with this valuable remedy, and to keep it always near at hand.

The PAIN-KILLER is now known and appreciated in every quarter of the Globe. Physicians recommend it in their practice, while all classes of society have found in it a relief and comfort. Give it a trial.

Be sure and buy the genuine. Every Druggist, and nearly every Country Grocer throughout the land keep it for sale.

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READ.

We stood at an open window
Leaning far over the sill,
And if something hadn't happened
We might have stood there still;
But we reached for a banging shutter
In a blinding northeast breeze,
So our friends will have to be invited
To join in the obsequies.

If we could only have known what a storm was brewing (in a teapot), and how far off that shutter was, we should never have ventured our head outside of that window; but it is too late for regrets now; we are nonplussed, completely squelched, have been sat upon, and our friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to attend the obsequies on

SATURDAY NEXT

and we stake our reputation on its being the grandest funeral they ever witnessed.

As he slips he slides, and every time he slides he slips up most woefully. We leave our "kind friends" to find out the meaning of the above, and while they are doing so we will ask the following questions:

Havn't we the ugliest and dirtiest store in the State?

Havn't we the poorest stock of goods in Wilmington?

Havn't we made prices much higher since we commenced?

Havn't we been very unaccommodating and impolite to you?

Havn't we charged you for all the goods delivered?

Havn't we made a great many mistakes and refused to correct them when our attention was called thereto?

All of our friends who answer "yes" to the above questions will please not buy from us any more. Respectfully and truly,

P. L. BRIDGERS & CO.

In glancing over last Sunday's paper we regretted to notice the tacit acknowledgment from some of our brother grocers that we had taken away part of their trade, and making an appeal to the others not to leave them. We regret this exceedingly, especially as they were so kind and considerate about our coming to grief, but suppose as we have determined to do the

LARGEST RETAIL GROCERY BUSINESS

ever done in Wilmington, we will in the future have to keep from being so tender hearted, and CUT DOWN PRICES a little more.

THE BLOODY CHASM HAS BEEN BRIDGED OVER.

THE LITTLE JOKERS are not quite gone.

A fine line of TOILET SOAPS received to-day, very low down.

The OLD CAPE FEAR is flourishing and MARTELLE swimming.

We have been over and smoked that "Cigar of Peace," (a fine Havana it was) but still think it would be bad policy to stop furnishing the papers with our fine literary productions, as they have the tendency to keep prices very low, which we, of course, with all other good grocers, desire; only want enough left to pay for clerk's hire, store rent and taxes.

NOT PURITANICAL

Although opposed to the drinking of Liquors, P. L. BRIDGERS & CO., are not puritanical enough to refuse to sell them, as they think no FIRST CLASS GROCERY STORE can afford to be without; but they promise the ladies that they would not find out there was any on the premises, as it must be taken elsewhere to be drunk.

BUMGARDNER,

STUART'S DEW and

DURHAM OLD RYE

received this week.

TRY OUR BUTTER AND LARD

The purest, oldest, and best CORN WHISKEY in the State, to be bought only at

P. L. BRIDGERS & CO'S.

P. S.—We feel highly flattered at the notice taken of our advertisements, especially by a fellow grocer, who was not surprised at the commencement of our usual Sunday shutting up, on account of one of our friends having gone to New York Saturday night.

dec 15 P. L. B. & CO.

THE WILMINGTON POST.

W. P. CANADAY, Ed'r & Prop'r.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, NOV. 2, 1879.

The attempt to revise the tariff at the next session is without doubt settled. The majority of the Committee is against the present tariff. All sorts of danger to our industries may be apprehended if this Committee, with Fernando Wood to back them, have their own way. It will be another contest against the machinations of mischievous men.

What the Democrats would do if they were in complete control of the government, may be inferred from what they have already done. When they first acquired control of the House they removed fifty Union soldiers and put in fifty Confederates. Then afterwards when in addition they got the Senate they turned out forty-two more, and put in Confederates. This is the sort of conciliation which they would practice if they had full swing.

The speech of ex-Senator Hendricks at Indianopolis last week will occasion surprise as well as regret to those who would be glad to think well of him. It was a speech filled with clap-trap, mean flings, silly quibbles, low down demagogisms, made up out of the refuse on the floors of caucus rooms. As the ass snuffeth the east wind, so did he snuff demagogism. There does not appear to have been a manly sentiment throughout the whole of that wretched harangue. Much may be forgiven to a just and lofty indignation on the part of a man who feels himself aggrieved, but nothing to one who borrows the slang of a fish woman in which to discuss public affairs.

There never was on the face of the earth a conquering power, whether it was a nation, a general, or a chieftain, which exercised towards the conquered a magnanimity so unreserved as did the government of the United States towards their fallen foe. There never was in all history an instance where generosity and leniency was treated with a malignity and dastardly meanness so detestable as by the south, if we judge by the tone of their newspapers, and the speeches of their public leaders, since the war. There is no power of hydrostatic pressure nor no force of dynamics which can inject into the southern Democratic brain the faintest idea of an acknowledgment of the magnanimity with which the government has treated them. That no blood was drawn after hostilities ceased, that all property was restored, and all civil rights which had been forfeited were re-conferred, has not the weight of cider-down on their petrified consciences.

NOW AND THEN.

The "old school" politics have passed away. We never lived in those better days. It has been our misfortune to live in the age of sham and shoddy. "In hours of sober reflection"—unfrequent as they are—we wonder if "trickery" is a product of modern politics. Or did it live in the better times in the disguise of statesmanship?—*Raleigh News.*

If the editor of the *News* had been better posted in the history of North Carolina he would have been saved the trouble of asking whether "trickery is a product of modern politics." If he will look on page 338 of Griffith J. McCee's life of James Iredell he will discover that the venerable Sam. Johnston was in nearly as great distress over the characters and conduct of "our fathers" who made the Constitution of 1776 at Halifax, as he is now.

It may possibly not be new to the *News*, but we will take the trouble to say that the Hon. Samuel Johnston was a Member of Congress, and of the United States Senate, and was Governor of the state and Judge of the "Supreme Court of Law and Equity" in those "better days" of which it so pathetically speaks. He probably might claim to be one of that "old school" which the *News* tenderly laments "has passed away." Well, this ancient and venerable old gentleman, writing from Halifax on December 9th, 1776, to James Iredell, characterizes these "old-school-politics" follows who made our first Constitution as follows:

"No one appears to have sufficient spirit or authority to *set them right.* [That is the members of the Convention of 1776.] I am in *great pain* for the honor of the province; * * * * * at the same time, when I consider my own ease and peace, congratulate myself on being clear of any share of the trouble I must have had, if I had been a member. *Every one* who has the *least pretensions* to be a *gentleman* is suspected and borne down *per ignobile vulgus*—(by the base herd of low down people)—a set of men without reading, experience, or PRINCIPLE to govern them."

This being Samuel Johnston's opinion of those old men who made our first Constitution—those "old school" men—that *ignobile* vulgus—(that vulgar herd) who were politicians, then it may be inferred that the editor of the *News* would not have been any happier if he had lived among them than he is now. We have, at different times, modestly suggested to these gentlemen, who consider themselves so unfortunate that they didn't happen to be on the earth at a time when they might have had associates more suitable to them, that it might not have been pleasant to them to have lived in those purer and more primitive times when a North Carolina constitutional convention was composed of nothing but a "vulgar herd" of low-down men, and not these mythical "old schools."

GEN. ALLAN RUTHERFORD.

This distinguished gentleman we had the pleasure of meeting a few days ago in Washington, when the following interview took place:

EDITOR POST: Gen. Rutherford, do you claim Wilmington, N. C., as your place of residence?

GEN. R: Why, of course. I have never voted at any other place since I left the army. Yes, Wilmington is my home. God bless the old town. I like the climate and the people and never intend to give up my residence there. I am practicing law here in Washington where I am making a very handsome income. I do as thousands of other lawyers do in Washington, work here and go to their homes to vote.

ED. POST: Well, General, what do you think of the southern Republican Association here in Washington?

GEN. R: Think of it, why, I think the same of it that every other observant Republican in the country does; that a majority of the Association are made up of a lot of office seekers and office holders who have been repudiated at home and discountenanced by the leading Republicans of the country, who have no financial or political standing either at home or abroad. Many of them could not control a township election in the states that they pretend here to represent. It has the appearance to every outsider as an attempt to bulldoze the Republican party of the nation.

ED. POST: Well, General, what is the intention of the organization?

GEN. R: It looks like a scheme to foist themselves upon the President and his Cabinet, to give them some of the official crumbs from the kitchen, if nothing better.

ED. POST: Then you do not belong to the southern Republican Association?

GEN. R: Well, I attended the first meeting because I thought the object was to promote the interest of the Republican party. But I soon found it was an entirely selfish concern, and intended to promote the interest of a few individuals who have proved themselves to be total failures. But I think there are a few who still belong to the organization who are very gallant southerners, but they will soon leave it. I propose to stand on my own merits. I am still an unflinching Republican, believing that party should have control of the government. But I want it expressly understood that I am a candidate for no office, and that is not all, I would not accept the least office in the gift of the people or the President.

ED. POST: General, who do you think will be nominated for the Presidency by the Republican Convention?

GEN. R.: That is very hard to tell. Whoever is nominated will be certainly elected. Mr. Sherman seems to be the most available candidate at this time. He has redeemed the country from its financial difficulties to be the most prosperous in the world. His enemies say that he is not entitled to the credit, that the Republican Congress did the work. Well, I admit that Congress did its duty. But Mr. Sherman was at the head of the Finance Committee of the United States Senate and managed the resumption act, and by his efforts were these more than by any other prepared. Then he was placed at the head of the Treasury Department to enforce it. Which he did with such consummate skill and good judgment that the resumption laws took effect. They might as well say that Grant was not entitled to the credit of his great victories during the late war. They could, with the same justice, say that Grant's Generals and soldiers did the work, which would be all true. But who planned the battles? Why, Grant, which shows him to be the greatest General in the world, and he will always wear the honors. Well, Mr. Sherman has proved himself to be the very greatest living financier. Therefore he is entitled to the thanks of the country for his services. Grant was honored twice for his war record. Now the country should honor Sherman at least with one term of the Presidency for his financial victories which have made him one of the greatest financial ministers of the world. And I believe they will do it.

Hear the words of a true patriot. Hon. John Sherman said at Paterson, New Jersey:

"When a member of Congress or officer of the National Government is to be elected, Congress has power to regulate such elections, and the Republican party intend, if the present law is not strong enough, to make it still stronger. In southern states that right is turned over to the very men who deprived the people of their rights by fraud and violence. We intend to right that wrong, so help us Almighty God."

Mr. Geo. T. Angel of Boston states that 30 per cent. of all the milk sold in that city is adulterated, and that groceries of all kinds, including flour and sugar are found to contain poisonous ingredients.

THE INDIANS.

It is hard to believe that the government does right unless it restores to the Utes all the rights originally guaranteed to them and of which they have been deprived. There does not seem to be any dispute but they have been grievously wronged by being crowded off their reservations, and there seems to be no way to right things but to repair the injuries. How far the government, and the Department of the Interior is embarrassed by legislation of Congress, or by treaties, in righting these wrongs, we are not aware. Of course it is impossible to do what is not practicable, from obstacles which may now stand in the way, even though those obstacles may have grown up improperly. The constant complaint of the Utes, however, is that they have been grossly wronged.

What is known as the White River Utes are the only ones who participated in the Thornburgh massacre, according to the present information. It is not yet known what their present temper is, or whether they are still on the war path. At first it was considered doubtful whether the influence of Ouray, a chief who is friendly, was sufficient to cause the delivery over of the women and children whom they held. The latest news is, however, that they have been delivered over, and the same news contains a statement that the Utes have had a fight with the ranchmen near Milk Creek, squatted on the reservation. The question of delivering up the leaders in the Thornburgh affair for punishment, is still an open one, and it is not yet known whether the Utes will assent to it. If they do not there it a prospect of a winter campaign, unless the Utes scatter into small squads, and either conceal themselves in remote recesses, or among the friendly Utes, or other tribes. The very latest reports to Secretary Schurz are that the Utes are in favor of peace, and that a reported uprising of the Uintah Utes is false.

In a dispatch from Leos Pinos, Cal., dated the 28th Oct., it is said:

The outbreak may be attributed to four things, viz: The reported change and lessening of the amount of rations issued to the indians; there being no head chief the same as Ouray is here; a Ute Indian for an interpreter unfriendly to Meeker; and plenty of bad whiskey, which was furnished by the ranchmen.

Colored men of the south read the language of your defender:

"When a member of Congress or officer of the National Government is to be elected, Congress has power to regulate such elections, and the Republican party intend, if the present law is not strong enough, to make it still stronger. In southern states that right is turned over to the very men who deprived the people of their rights by fraud and violence. We intend to right that wrong, so help us Almighty God."

THE WASHINGTON FAIR.

What they call a "National Fair" is now being held at the city of Washington, D. C. The *Republican* has its paper all covered over with pictures of large buildings used in the show, which give an accurate idea of both the inside and outside, the machinery and everything connected with it.

The buildings are within fifteen minutes drive of the city, and the preparations are on a very magnificent scale. The main exhibition hall is 600 feet from end to end of the wings, which branch out rectangularly from the centre, and the flag staff in the centre is 120 feet high.

The dimensions of the machinery building are 200 feet by 75, and in interior adornment it fully equals the Main Hall. The entrance is similar, a stand and retiring rooms for the use of the association being noticeable. On the right of this entrance is the office of the association, where all exhibitors are directed who have business to transact. The colors used in painting Agricultural Hall are a dark brown, light gray and sky blue. The lighting of this apartment is the same as in the Main Hall. The building is used for the exhibition of carriages, agricultural implements and other articles which require shelter. Adjoining this building is the grand stand.

The Fair is devoted to industrial displays, and to works of art, and to horse racing, and to such other things as usually are a part of exhibitions of that kind. The President opened the exhibition with an address. The *Republican* from which we take the above facts in an editorial article says that only a few weeks ago this ground was covered with crops and trees but that:

Now it contains within a fine fence inclosure an Exposition Hall of large dimensions and fine architectural design and execution, a large and ornate Machinery and Agricultural Hall, an Art Gallery of liberal dimensions and appropriate architecture, a spacious and beautiful Club House, large and commodious stables for the exhibition of stock, a large number of stables connected with the race course, and a race track of one mile, the finest on the Continent; and all this has sprung into existence within a few weeks under the magic touch of Washington spirit and enterprise. Our city has cause to be proud of this sudden addition to its adjacent attractions, and especially should it feel an honorable pride in this remarkable display of the energy and enterprise of its citizens who have achieved so much within a brief period of time. We take pleasure in congratulating the people of Washington and the Executive Committee of the National Fair Association on what has been accomplished through this enterprise for the future of the National Capital.

A HINT TO COTTON RAISERS.

The American Iron and Steel Association, of Philadelphia, have issued a pamphlet in which they discuss the feasibility of partially manufacturing cotton at the south. They show that not much, if any money can be made by merely raising cotton and ginning it, but that a large percentage can be added to it by spinning it into the varieties of yarn and thread which are used by weavers. The report says:

But the cotton producers of the south are not without a remedy—a plain, simple, and effective remedy, if they can by any means be prevailed upon to adopt and carry it into execution. The remedy is, not to become general manufacturers, but to take the first step in the business by converting their lint cotton as it comes from the gin, or before it undergoes compression, into commercial thread, used in the production of the fabrics which go into general or universal use. In this condition it would be as ready sale in the markets of the world as the raw material, enhanced some hundred per cent in value and price. It is understood that cheap, simple, and effective appliances have recently been provided, and their efficiency and perfect practicability tested, and patented by a citizen of the south. If the demand arises it will certainly be supplied like all similar demands. The writer was recently assured by a manager of a well-conducted and successful cotton manufacturing company in this state, (Alabama,) that his company would willingly abandon the business of spinning, and would transfer its machinery used in that business, if it could obtain and be assured of a regular and sufficient supply of thread, and that, when the cost of cotton was 10 cents per pound, it could and would pay 20 cents per pound for the description of thread it was using in the manufacture of brown sheetings, shirtings, etc. The thread for this description and various other kinds of common goods, and for warp in fabrics of various descriptions required and used in immense quantities, would consume a large proportion, not less, probably, than three-fourths of the entire cotton crop of the south. But, say that as much as half the cotton was thus converted into thread, it would add some fifty per cent. to the value of the crop, more or less, in proportion to quantity so used, all to be expended at the south. And what would be the cost of spinning this cotton? It could and would be done mainly by a class now in large part unemployed and idle, and which, taken as a whole, is an expense and burden to the country—a large proportion of the female population and juveniles of both sexes and races, the greater portion if not the whole of whose earnings would be clear gain to themselves and to the country, as would be the large profits to be derived by the growers of the cotton. What a boon this would be to the millions of unemployed and to the thriftless classes referred to, scattered throughout the south, and who, in the course of a very few years under this system, would be greatly improved and elevated in the scale of existence. There would be no excuse then for idleness, and many thousands now without the means of regular and suitable employment would become converted by a systematic school of industry into commendable and useful citizens. A great and growing evil in the south is the want of sufficient regular and suitable employment for the class of people referred to. This want would be effectually supplied under the system here considered, with the other manufacturing industries which would surely follow in its train, whereby the people of the south would acquire, immensely to their advantage, ample and profitable diversified employment, without which no country can become great or prosperous.

HON. JOHN SHERMAN.

Hear the noble words of a patriot:

"When a member of Congress or officer of the National Government is to be elected, Congress has power to regulate such elections, and the Republican party intend, if the present law is not strong enough, to make it still stronger. In southern states that right is turned over to the very men who deprived the people of their rights by fraud and violence. We intend to right that wrong, so help us Almighty God."

"Steele, Armfield and Robert Vance were all elected, as it happened in consequence of the Republicans staying at home—by a sort of general assent."—Wilmington POST. Phew! This is a whopper! We are sorry that there is a paper in North Carolina that can do no better than this at guessing on elections, and especially after having twelve months to look over the records of official votes.—*Hickory Press.*

It happened that the POST stated the exact truth. It is easy to see by looking at the figures of returns, that the Democrats staying away from the polls in each of these districts, and if all the Republicans had voted for their own candidates, they would have been elected. In this district Russell was elected precisely in that way. More than 7,000 Democrats stayed away from the polls, and as most of the Republicans voted for Russell, he was elected. This would have been the case in the 6th, 7th and 8th districts, if they had all voted.

A young lady residing in South Boston was coming down the steps of Horticultural Hall, when she felt some one pull her hair, which was braided and looped at the back of her head. On examination it appeared that some one had cut the braid with a knife near the head, but, owing to the fact that the hair was closely pinned to her head, the thief was unable to detach it.

Here is one of Mr. Labouchere's stories: "An Englishman thought of entering into partnership with an American. 'He will have the experience; I the money,' he observed to a citizen of the Far West. 'In a few years your positions will be reversed,' remarked the citizen."

"They fired two shots at him," wrote an Irish reporter. "The first shot killed him, but the second shot was not fatal."

POLITICAL.

Gen. Garfield, ex-Attorney General Taft, and Stanley Matthews are the most prominent candidates for the Thurman vacancy in Ohio.

On the 4th of November in Connecticut there is to be an election of state senators in the odd numbered districts, consisting of eleven, of which the Republicans at the last election carried seven. The Republican majority on joint ballot in the legislature is now 40, and it is now believed that it cannot be dangerously reduced by the coming vote.

In Massachusetts the contest is substantially between the regular Republican organization and Gen. B. F. Butler, independent. It is not believed by those whose judgment is most relied upon that Butler stands any chance of election. The Republican party in that state is an independent one but it is one which it is difficult to hoodwink or deceive. There is a very solid adhesion in the Republican party there, and it is slow to break apart.

The election in New York is also right at hand. It is a fierce fight. Cornell, the Republican candidate is a person against whom no official charge can be brought, and he is an able politician, and the canvass is managed by Gen. Chester A. Arthur who is chairman of the state Republican committee. He is a bold man and of great resource. All the elements of the party seem to be united—Evarts, Fenton, Wheeler &c. The regular Democrats, backed by Tilden, are running the present Governor Robinson under the lead of "reform." John Kelly, the nominee of Tammany, having bolted from the regular convention, is making a vigorous canvass and will without doubt poll a large vote—and thereby elect Cornell, if he were not otherwise elected.

Those were noble words in which Mr. Stoughton, one of the first lawyers and orators, and one of the truest Republicans of New York, introduced Secretary Sherman at Cooper Institute:

I now have the pleasure of presenting to you a master in the science of finance, who does not bury his treasures in the earth. He is a master in the science of human nature as well, for he knows that men do not hurry to exchange paper for gold when the paper is equivalent to to the solid metal. Hence, resumption, which the Democratic party insisted could neither be accomplished nor maintained, has become fixed and irrevocable, with gold flowing into, instead of from, the Treasury. He is the formidable enemy of of usury, for under his influence interest has shrunk from 6 to 4 per cent.; and should he much longer administer our finance, bondholders and moneylenders fear it may sink to 3. He is not their favorite, but the people respect and honor John Sherman, not of Washington, nor of Ohio merely, but of the United States of America. He will now address the Republicans of the city of New York.

Ex-Congressman Rainey, of South Carolina, said to a representative of the Cleveland (Ohio) *Herald*: "In Sumter county, at our last election, which occurred in 1878, the Republicans announced that they would hold a meeting in the court house upon a certain day. The morning of the day about 200 red shirted gentry came into town from all the surrounding country, and planted a half dozen cannon in such a position that they bore upon the proposed place of meeting. Two of those implements were loaded with nails, and then the proclamation was issued by the Democrats that if the Republicans attempted to hold a meeting off would go the cannon. We did not hold any meeting that day. I could tell you dozens of other examples of their whipping their political adversaries, but this one is a fair sample and is sufficient to demonstrate their feeling."

Hon. John Sherman said in a speech at Paterson, New Jersey, on the 26th instant:

"When a member of Congress or officer of the National Government is to be elected, Congress has power to regulate such elections, and the Republican party intend, if the present law is not strong enough, to make it still stronger. In southern states that right is turned over to the very men who deprived the people of their rights by fraud and violence. We intend to right that wrong, so help us Almighty God."

The golden wedding of the Rev. Dr. Edward Beecher, eldest son of the late Lyman Beecher, and eldest brother of the family of ministers, was celebrated at his home in Brooklyn. There was a family dinner, after which followed a general reception, lasting throughout the evening. Among those present were Henry Ward Beecher and wife, the Rev. and Mrs. Charles Beecher, of Georgetown, Mass.; the Rev. Thomas K. Beecher, of Elmira, N. Y.; Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, Mrs. Mary Beecher Perkins, the Rev. Frederick Beecher, Dr. Beecher's eldest son, and Eugene Beecher, the second son, of New Mexico. Charles, Thomas, and Henry Ward Beecher gave reminiscences of family affairs, and a letter was read from the Rev. James Beecher. The house was beautifully decorated with flowers.

The Northern Democracy.

If the Democratic party of the south were ever foolish enough to believe that their northern allies sympathized with them in their acts of lawlessness, they had better wake up to a realization of the fact that the respectable portion of the northern Democracy have no feeling, nor will they ever have for a set of men whose only weapons of political warfare are organized violence and unblushing fraud. It was really gratifying to see the people of Ohio rebuke the southern Brigadiers for their course at the extra session, and put the seal of their condemnation on the rebellious tendency there displayed by hardened traitors.—*Asheville Journal.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

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$75.00 worth for $15.00

—AND A—

Solid Abyssinian Gold Watch

FREE!

The above offer is genuine, although at first sight you would consider it impossible. We will explain: Since we first established our business here, March 1st, 1878, we have paid particular attention to the buying of bankrupt and Auction lots of Jewelry and Watches, often buying at as low as one-tenth their value, and in no instance have we paid over one-sixth the manufacturers' price. Since starting we have always been able to dispose of these goods in Chicago and through our regular customers throughout the country at nearly regular prices, as fast as we could procure them, but owing to the large number of failures among the heavy residence and manufacturers throughout this and other countries during the months of June, July and August (the time when the Jewelry business is stagnant), we have now on hand an immense stock of the most desirable goods we have ever handled, and which we have bought at lower prices than ever before. In order to dispose of this entire stock in the most speedy manner possible, and make room for new ones which we shall continue to buy, we have hit upon the following novel plan:

We propose to give you a list of the most desirable of these goods, giving opposite each article its regular retail value, and sell to you at the rate of Five Dollars' worth for $1.00. For instance, on receipt of 50 cts. we will send you, POSTPAID, any article to the value of $2.50, on receipt of $1.00 articles to the value of $5.00, and so on throughout the entire list. Below we give a list of the most valuable of these goods.

LIST OF JEWELRY AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

	EACH.
Gent's New Style Scarf Rings or Pins	85c.
" Sleeve Buttons, Engraved or Stone Setting	85c.
" Bosom Studs, Engraved or Stone Setting	85c.
" Round or Long Link Vest Chain and Charm	85c.
" or Ladies' Plain, Band, Fancy Stone or Cameo Rings	85c.
Ladies' Long or Round Fancy Bosom Pins	85c.
" Stone or Engraved Ear-Drops to match	85c.
" Engraved and Fancy Cuff Pins	85c.
Any Three of the above articles will be sent by mail, postage paid, on receipt of 50 cts.	
Ladies' Broad Band Bracelets, Engraved	$1.00
" First-Class Seale Rings, Double Heart, Shield, etc	1.00
" or Gent's Brilliant Diamond-Set Rings	1.00
" Long Fancy Shawl or Bosom Pin	1.00
" Fancy Extension Ear-Drops to match	1.00
Gent's Onyx, Amethyst or Topaz Sleeve Buttons	1.00
" Onyx, Amethyst or Topaz Shirt Studs (3)	1.00
" Cameo and other Stone Rings large	1.00
" Heavy Link Vest Chain and Charm	1.00
" Extra Fine Scarf Rings or Pins	1.00
Any Five of the above articles will be mailed free to any address on receipt of $1.00.	
Gent's Long New Style Vest Chain and Charm	$1.45
" Scarf Rings and Pins, New Styles and Extra Fine	1.45
" Heavy Set Stone and Fancy Studs	1.45
" or Ladies' Cameo, Amethyst and Onyx Sleeve Buttons	1.45
" or Ladies' Cameo, Amethyst and other Stone Rings	1.45
Ladies' Long and very Fancy Cuff Pins	1.45
" Extra Finished Onyx, Amethyst and Engraved Pins	1.45
" Extra Finished Onyx, Amethyst and Engraved Ear-Drops	1.45
" Long Opera or Guard Chains	1.45
" Fancy Neck Chain and Charm	1.45
Any Six of the above articles will be mailed free on receipt of $2.00	
Gent's Solitaire or Cluster Australian Diamond Pins	$1.90
" Single Stone Australian Diamond Studs (3)	1.90
" Heavy Large Solitaire Australian Diamond Single Stud	1.90
" Fine Finished Long Link Vest Chain and Charm	1.90
" Very Nobby and Latest Style Scarf Rings and Pins	1.90
" or Ladies' Cameo, Onyx and Amethyst Sleeve Buttons	1.90
Ladies' Etruscan Necklaces, very heavy	1.90
" Long Opera and Guard Chains, very heavy	1.90
" Australian Diamond and other Fancy Pins and Ear-Drops	1.90
" Stone Set and other Fancy Cuff Pins	1.90
" Heavy Engraved Locket for Miniatures	1.90
" Chased Bracelets, Broad, extra heavy	1.90
Any Eight of the above articles you may select will be mailed to you free on receipt of $3.00.	
Ladies' Fancy Neck Chain and Medallion Charm, in Fancy Lined Jewel Casket	$2.50
" Long Opera Chain, with or without Slide and Tassel	2.50
" Heavy Large Miniature Medallion Locket	2.50
" Heavy Jet and Gold Bracelets	2.50
" Cameo Medallion Pin and Ear-Drops	2.50
" or Gent's Massive Wedding Ring Plain or Band	2.50
" or Gent's Extra Large Cameo, Amethyst or Onyx Rings	2.50
" Long Shawl or Breast Pin, finest quality	2.50
" Long Fancy Cuff Pins, finest quality	2.50
" or Gent's Cameo, Amethyst or Onyx Sleeve Buttons	2.50
Gent's Heavy Long Link Massive Vest Chain	2.50
" Cluster or Solitaire Central American Diamond Pins	2.50
" Stone and Fancy Leaf Scarf Pins and Rings	2.50
" Stone and Fancy Pattern Studs	2.50
" Massive Solitaire Stud	2.50
Any Ten of the above articles will be sent by mail free on receipt of $5.00	

All of this Jewelry is of a good quality, but, of course, the quality depends greatly on the price; for instance, the $2.50 articles are of a much finer quality and finish, besides being heavier, than the 85c. ones.

TO AGENTS.

For the benefit of parties wishing to act as Agents for the above goods, we make the following special offer:

On receipt of a $15.00 order for our Jewelry, as per above offer, we will send the goods ordered, and make the party getting up the club a present of any one of the following Watches:

1 Pure Abyssinian Gold Hunting Case Geneva Watch.
1 Pure Abyssinian Gold Open Face Geneva Watch, Stem-Winder.
1 Pure Abyssinian Gold Stem-Winding Watch, Illuminated Dial, by which you can tell the time in the darkest night.
1 Pure Abyssinian Silver Hunting-Case Geneva Watch.

Any of these Four Watches will be sent alone for $6.50, or the Watch and either a Gent's Heavy Abyssinian Gold Vest Chain and Charm, or a Ladies' Solid Abyssinian Gold Long Opera or Opera Guard Chain, for $6.90.

Agents who cannot send the full $15.00 at one can send small orders as they procure them, and when said orders shall have amounted to $15.00 we will send the Watch FREE OF FURTHER CHARGE.

Read What the Chicago Press Say of Us, And Send In Your Orders.

The Sentinel, of Chicago, Sept. 8, says: "We call the attention of our readers to the new advertisement of the Inventors' Agency, No. 116 E. Washington Street, Chicago. What the Inventors' Agency agrees to do, they will do." The Sentinel has advertised for the concern since its first publication, and we have yet to hear of the first complaint against it.

The Chicago Express, Sept. 3d, says: "The attention of readers is called to the advertisement of 'The Inventors' Agency,' office and rooms located at 116 Washington Street, Chicago. From personal inquiry and on the recommendation of the city press, we think our friends can do no better when wanting goods in that line. Give them a trial."

The American Stockman, Sept. 11th, says: "We believe this institution perfectly sound and responsible, and consequently persons need have no hesitation about sending for what they desire."

As to our responsibility we also refer you to the following firms: Evergreen Bros., 162 & 164 So. Clark St., Chicago; Hall, Miller, Wagner & Vanderbrook, 158 So. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

Before Ordering, Read the following:

All sums of money to the amount of $5.00 or over, should be sent by Registered Letter or Money Order or Draft on New York or Chicago. We will hand counter-foil personally responsible for any money send as above directed. All orders under $5.00 strictly cash. On orders of $10.00 or over, $3.00 must accompany the order, and balance when goods are delivered.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

desired, will be collected on delivery, but no goods will be sent C. O. D. to a greater distance than 500 miles. Any money received for these goods after the stock is exhausted will be immediately returned. Postage stamps will be taken the same as cash in any amount less than $1.00.

If on receipt of goods you are not perfectly satisfied, return them immediately in good order, and we will refund your money.

Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Jewelry, Notions, Novelties and New Inventions sent free on application.

AGENTS WANTED. Address plainly—
THE INVENTORS' AGENCY,
J. A. KINSMAN, Prop.,
116 E. Washington St., Chicago, Ill.
oct 19—6m

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Its immense circulation enables its proprietor to spend more on embellishments, stories, &c., than any other. It gives more for the money than any in the world. In 1880, a New Feature will be introduced in the shape of a series of

Splendid Illustrated Articles,

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Are the best published anywhere. All the most popular writers are employed to write originally for "Peterson." In 1880, Five Original Copyright Novelettes will be given, by Ann S. Stephens, Frank Lee Benedict, Frances Hodgson Burnett, &c., and stories by Jane G. Austin, by the author of "Josiah Allen's wife," by Rebecca Harding Davis, and all the best female writers.

Mammoth Colored Fashion Plates.

Ahead of all others. These plates are engraved on steel, twice the usual size, and are unequalled for beauty. They will be superbly colored. Also, Household and other receipts; articles on "Wax-Work Flowers," "Management of Infants;" in short everything interesting to ladies.

TERMS (Always in Advance): $2. A YEAR.

☞ Unparalled Offers to Clubs.

Two Copies for $3.50, three copies for $4.50, with a copy of the premium picture (21 x 29) a costly steel engraving, "Washington at Valley Forge," to the person getting up the club.

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For larger clubs still greater inducements. Address, post-paid,
CHARLES J. PETERSON,
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FOR SALE.

135 Acres of Land in Bladen County, one and a half miles from the Cape Fear River, Prospect Hill Landing.

25 Acres of open Land, produces Corn, Cotton, and is in splendid condition.

Dwelling and out Houses in good condition.

3,000

Cords of Pine wood can be cut on this tract of Land.

Parties wishing to purchase will please apply to A. McDONALD,
Prospect Hill, Bladen County N. C.
tf.

DIRECTORY OF LODGES.

MASONIC.—(WHITE.)

St. John's Lodge No. 1, F. & A. M, meet 1st Thursday evening of each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Lodge 319, F. & A. M, meets 3d Tuesday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

Concord Chapter No 1, R. A. M, meets 3d Monday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Council No. 4, R. and S. M, meet 2d Monday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Commandery No. 1, K. T. meets 2d Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR.

Carolina Lodge 651, meet 1st and 3d Mondays in each month, at Odd Fellows Hall.

I. O. O. F.

Cape Fear Lodge No 2, meets every Tuesday evening.

Orion Lodge No 67, meets every Wednesday evening.

Campbell Encampment No. 1, meets 1st and 3d Friday evening of each month.

Rebecca Lodge meets 1st and 3d Thursday evenings of each month.

Wilmington Degree Lodge meets 2d and 4th Thursday evenings of each month.

I. O. R. M.

North State Lodge No. 222, meet 1st and 3d Sunday in each month, at 3 o'clock p. m.

O. K. S. B.

Manhattan Lodge No 158, meets 2d and 4th Sunday in each month, at 3 o'clock p. m.

ROYAL ARCANUM.

Cornelius Harnett Council No 231, meets 2d and 4th Monday evening of each month.

The above Lodges meet at Odd Fellows Hall on Third between Princess and Chestnut streets.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Stonewall Lodge No. 1, Meets every Monday at Castle Hall, on Third street.

Germania Lodge No. 4, meets every Thursday evening at Castle Hall.

Endowment Rank No. 22, meet 2d Friday in each month, at Castle Hall.

I. O. O. G. T.

Wilmington Lodge No. 61, meets every Wednesday evening, at Temperance Hall, on Third street.

I. O. R. M.

Wyoming Tribe No. 4, meets every Tuesday evening, at their Hall on Princess between Front and Second streets.

MASONIC—(COLORED.)

Mt. Nebo Lodge meets 1st and 3d Monday in each month, on Ninth between Walnut and Red Cross streets.

Gilbert Lodge, meet 2d and 4th Monday in each month, corner Eighth and Princess streets.

G. U. O. O. F.

Free Love Lodge, meet 1st and 3d Tuesday in each month, corner Dock and Water sts.

God'en Lyre Lodge, meet 1st and 3d Monday in each month, corner Market and Water streets.

I. O. OF G. S. AND B. S.

Queen Esther meets every Monday evening.

Star of Liberty, meets every Tuesday evening.

Ingomar, meets every Thursday evening.

Union, meets every Wednesday evening.

Loving Union, meet every Wednesday evening.

Lemon and Pythias, meet every Thursday evening.

Fidelity, meet every Friday evening.

The above Lodges occupy the second and third stories, in the westward of Evans's building, on Princess street.

Mt Zion, meets 1st and 3d Monday in each month, corner second and Princess streets.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Me.

THE WILMINGTON POST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, NOV. 2, 1879.

THE SALISBURY CELEBRATION

We condense as a matter of news from the Charlotte *Observer* the report of the "reunion" of the Union and Confederate officers and soldiers at Salisbury on the 23 l ult. As our opinion in regard to the meeting have already been expressed, we abstain mostly in making the report from comments, only intending to make a fair record of what was said and done.

The number of people present is put down at 5,000. There was a salute of 13 guns at sunrise, and at 10 o'clock a procession to Harrison's Grove. Gen. Robt. Ransom was Chief Marshal aided by 13 assistants who were Confederates and Col. C. A. Cilley, Capt. W. S. Ball who were United States officers, and Col. Thos. B. Long and H. W. Reid, who were Confederates, but are now Republicans, as is Capt. Ball.

Capt. Charles Price introduced the speakers.

The first speaker was Governor Jarvis. He said:

They had fought for a cause which was lost, and a flag which was furled forever, and while no shaft now marked the resting place of the hundreds of his comrades who to-day slept in unknown graves, their memory would be green in the affections of his people. He did not object to-day to shaking hands with those who fought on the other side, because the time had come when all bitterness of the struggle should be laid aside. North Carolinians had always been noted for their quiet obedience to law, their honesty and their patriotism and all these reasons should impel the people to lay aside all prejudices towards those who were the victors. He had just returned from Philadelphia, where he had been in consultation with most of the Governors of the thirteen original states in regard to the proper celebration of the centennial anniversary of the surrender of the British at Yorktown, and believed that the national celebration of that event would do much to heal the wounds between the two sections of the Union.

The next speaker was Senator Zebulon B. Vance, who among other things said:

For himself he regarded the war as over, and there was now nothing to be done but to enforce the constitution and the laws made in pursuance of that instrument—that he regarded the Union and the constitution as synonymous and convertible terms, and that if both were regarded as they ought to be, there was no reason why the north and south should not live like brothers. He knew the people of North Carolina, as well as any man could know them, and the people of no section of the United States were more anxious to see harmony and reconciliation than they. North Carolinians, in the late war had displayed a courage and endurance which were a credit to any people and while they might cherish memories of that struggle, he knew them too well to believe that they still cherish prejudices.

The Governor then told a story—of course.

Then came Judge D. G. Fowle of Raleigh. He was an original Union man, but has acted with the Democrats since reconstruction:

In alluding to the late war he said that the North Carolina heart was not in sympathy with the movement of secession, until it was announced that there would be a fight, and her people were called on to take sides. When her position had been taken, she was not a laggard in the fight, and when after an able, manly contest she was forced to lay down her arms, she did it in good faith. In her secession she carried with her the constitution of the United States, and her household gods of devotion to principle were carefully preserved, in order that the vital principles of liberty, which were as old as the state, should be treasured up, and that in her opinion a love of the Federal Union was not inconsistent with the full development of the rights of the states.

* * * * * * *

He closed by an apostrophe to the Federal constitution as the best model of government which human genius had ever devised, and hoped that the day might be a starting point in both politics and reconciliation.

Gen. Rufus Barringer was next introduced. He was a Brigadier in the Confederate service. He is now a Republican:

After alluding to his services in the army hoped, with the light of subsequent events, that the war was not an unmixed evil, or we should not have been here to-day to join hands in a reunion, and besides both sections had learned that there was no good sense in belittling each other. Out of our sufferings we had learned liberality. We had been regarded by the northern people as a set of bullies and blusterers, but we had taught them that they were mistaken, and we too, look upon them differently.

Major F. W. Halleck of Michigan, a son of the late Major-General Halleck, at one time commander of the United States army, was next introduced and appeared in full dress uniform. His remarks were quite lengthy, a good deal out of taste, ignoring the proprieties of which the Confederates who had preceded him had set a good example, and talked very much as if he was fresh from some ward caucus room. We give him *in extenso:*

I am not accustomed to public speaking. In fact I never attempted it before, and I am proud that my first effort should be on such an occasion as the present, for my whole soul is in this movement of reconciliation. It has been my desire for years to see a real union of the blue and the gray honorably established, and when I first heard that down here in Salisbury you intended to hold a re-union of the soldiers of both armies, my heart responded to the call; for it seems to me that we who did the fighting and discourage, discountenance and raise our voices against the party, man, or class of men, who directly or indirectly attempt to secure public or private favor by reviving the passions begotten by the war, ought to step to the front. These are the men who, while pretending to sympathize with us, tell of the horrors of war, of prison pens, and in fact of all and of more than any soldier had to suffer; and in return for this devilish talk expect to ride into office on soldiers' vote. Then we must step to the front again. Comrades, these political demagogues must be taught that when we laid aside our arms we meant peace, and peace we will have. The soldiers of both sections must unite for this purpose and thus secure a lasting peace for our unhappy country. Few, very few, soldiers can be found who are unwilling to take a brother soldier by the hand, be he of the blue or gray, from the north or south. It is unnecessary that we should forget our brave comrades who have fallen, and who cannot meet with us until that last great reunion; we can at least revere their memory and annually bedeck their graves with floral offerings. As Senator Ransom said, ten years ago, in a memorial speech at Raleigh, "Thank God, there are flowers enough in this land of ours, and hearts gentle enough, and hearts good enough, to scatter them over both the blue and the gray."

Major C. E. Merrill of Mississippi was then introduced:

In 1865 he was last through Salisbury as a part of Joe Johnston's army, and was glad to note the march of progress which the town had made during that time. He dipped a little into politics and showed how sectional feeling had been kept alive by the politicians of the north, to the detriment of the people of both sections. He declared that the day for reconciliation, harmony, and the burial of prejudices, had come.

Gen. A. M. Scales, the present Member of Congress from the 5th District, then made certainly a frank speech as follows:

He said the people without making any apology were ready for reconciliation. They believed they were right, and fought for their convictions, but this was one country and there was only one constitution. Under another flag he had fought to perpetuate its essential principles, and he wanted all the people to feel that now that fight was over, but the necessity to guard its precious muniments was as great as ever. Lack of space only prevents us from following the text of this gentleman's remarks, to the conclusion, but we must say that for sound diction, forcible argument, and able, manly sentiment it was not excelled by any.

The Hon. W. M. Robbins seems to have loosened his tongue and made about the best speech of anybody. We give it entire:

He had confidence in the future of the country, and in the integrity of our government. While the war had brought much distress to the country, it had also brought us many blessings and one of the particular bright ones was the freedom of the negro, and it had learned the people of both sections the strength, the endurance, the courage of each other. He closed with a peroration in regard to the love of country, duty of citizens to guard the purity of the government and the indissolubility of the Federal Union.

Col. W. H. H. Cowles, the reporter said, made "one of the happiest speeches of the occasion," and was followed by Col. Wm. Johnston of Charlotte, in words of peace and reconciliation.

Last of all came Gen. Leach, and we copy every word the reporter said about him, for he had evidently put himself under the especial guidance of the American eagle:

HON. J. M. LEACH.

was the last, but by no means the least interesting speaker of the day. He complained that preceding speakers had said all that could be said, and then struck out from the shoulder as only Leach can do. He alluded to the history of several of the former citizens of Salisbury—among them General Andrew Jackson—and pronounced the spot on which they stood sacred ground. His allusion to Miss Frances Fisher, as an illustration of southern female character, was felicitous. He alluded to the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence, as a bright page in the history of the state, and closed with the indestructibility of the American Union, and the christianizing and civilizing influences of the Angle-American people among the nations of the globe.

Then they had a barbecue consisting "of 5,000 lbs. of bread, the same amount of beef, and nearly as much of pork and mutton." And they seemed to be as well filled as that 5,000 which on the other side of the Sea of Tiberias, were filled on the five barley loaves and two small fishes, and had twelve baskets left.

COMMENTS.

The Confederates had things pretty much their own way, and it would be difficult to distinguish the difference between the "reunion" and a Democratic state convention, so far as the *personelle* of the body was concerned. But we are bound to admit that the proprieties of the occasion were much better observed than we expected they would be. There was no outburst on state rights, no ill-mannered allusion to things that might have been unpleasant, and nearly everybody were on their good behavior. Gen. Scales and Major Merrill itched a little, and, to be brief, Major Halleck did himself so little credit that every ex-Union soldier will regret that he came all the way from Michigan for the occasion.

A young lady advertised for a maid. One applied, and, in response to the inquiry whether she was quick, she replied: "Oh, so quick that I will engage to dress you in half an hour." "In half an hour," reiterated the young lady; "and what shall I do the rest of the day?"

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROSENTHAL'S

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

32 Market Street.

A Word of Advice to My Patrons.

MY STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE IN ALL its Branches, and my arrangements enable me to recieve New Arrivals of Styles, of the Best Make, Weekly.

My Stock will tell in the Future as it has in the Past.

Call and examine before you purchase.

My School Shoes cannot be surpassed by any in the State.

Remember the new sign of the Show-Case.

Next week I will give you some of my Popular Prices; no time this week.

Respectfully,

C. ROSENTHAL,

32 Market St.

oct 19—tf Sign of the Show Case.

JOHN WERNER,

PERSONALLY IN ATTENDANCE AT

Hair Dressing Saloon,

No. 11 North Front Street, South of Purcell House,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

None but the most experienced workmen employed in this establishment.

Manufacturer of Tonics, Hair Oil, Cologne, Renovators, Dyes, Beautifiers, &c.

Oct. 5, 1879.

TO THE SUMMER RESORTS,

Of Western North Carolina

By the new and attractive Spartanburg Route.

WILMINGTON, COLUMBIA & AUGUSTA RAILROAD.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT,

June 10th, 1879.

COMMENCING JUNE 11TH, 1879, The Following PERFECT AND CONTINUOUS Schedule will be operated on the SPARTANBURG ROUTE, by which ROUND TRIP TICKETS to all prominent Western North Carolina Excursion Points will be on sale, good until NOVEMBER 1st, 1879.

Leave Wilmington (by sleeping Car to Columbia)	10:13 P M
Leave Columbia	10:30 A M
Arrive Spartanburg	3:10 P M
Arrive Hendersonville	6:10 P M
Arrive Asheville	10:20 P M

24 HOURS WILMINGTON TO ASHEVILLE!

To connect with this very attractive Schedule Passengers can leave—

Weldon	3:32 P M
Wilson	5:40 P M
Tarboro	10:00 A M
Newbern	5:31 A M
Goldsboro	6:36 P M
Magnolia	8:00 P M

For Tickets, Time Cards, Engagement of Sleeping Car Accommodations, &c., &c. enquire of Agents at the Stations named or of the undersigned.

A. POPE,

je 15 tf General Passenger Agent.

PARKER & TAYLOR,

DEALERS IN

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DIPPERS AND SKIMMERS.

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W. M. TERRY,

oct 12 Editor and Proprietor.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WOLFE'S

Schiedam Aromatic SCHNAPPS.

THE following are a few of the testimonials in favor of the Schnapps:

MR. UDOLPHO WOLFE, 22 Beaver street, New York:

Dear Sir—I feel bound to say that I regard your Schnapps as being in every respect pre-eminently pure, and deserving of medical patronage. At all events, it is the purest possible article of Holland Gin, heretofore unobtainable, and as such may be safely prescribed by physicians,

DAVID L. MOTT, M. D.,

Pharmaceutical Chemist, New York.

---

22 PINE STREET, NEW YORK, NOV.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, Esq. Present:

Dear Sir—I have made a chemical examination of a sample of your Schiedam Schnapps, with the intent of determining any foreign or injurious substance had been added to the simple distilled spirits.

The examination has resulted in the conclusion that the sample contained no poisonous or harmful admixture. I have been unable to discover any trace of the deleterious substances which are employed in the adulteration of liquors I would not hesitate to use myself, or recommend to others, for medicinal purposes, the Schiedam Schnapps as an excellent and unobjectionable variety of Gin.

Very respectfully, yours,

Signed CHAS. A. SHERLY, Chemist

NEW YORK, CEDAR, STREET, November 26th, 1867.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, ESQ., Present:

Dear Sir—I submitted to chemical analysis two bottles of Schiedam Schnaps, which I took from a fresh package in your bonded warehouse, and find as before, that the spirituous liquor is free from injurious ingredients or falsification: that it has the marks of being aged and not recently prepared by mechanical admixture of alcohol and aromatics. Respectfully,

FRED. F. MAYER, Chemist.

CHEMICAL AND TECHNICAL LABORATORY, 13 Exchange Place, New York, November 24, 1867.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, Esq:

Dear Sir—The undersigned have carefully and thoroughly analyzed a sample of your "Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps," selected by ourselves, and have found the same free from all organic or inorganic substances, more or less injurious to health. From the result of our examination we consider the article one of superior quality, healthful as a beverage, effectual in its medicinal qualities. Respectfully, yours,

ALEX. TRIPEL, Chemist.

FRANCIS E. ENGELHARD, M. D.

For sale by all respectable Grocers and Druggists.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SONS & CO.,

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may 8—1y

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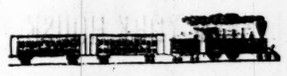
Wilmington & Weldon R. R Company.



OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, Wilmington, N. C., June 15, 1879.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after Sunday June 15th 1879, Passenger Trains on the W. & W. Railroad will run as follows:

DAY MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN Daily.

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot, at	7:10 A. M
Arrive at Weldon at	1:10 P. M.
Leave Weldon at	3:32 P. M
Arrive at Wilmington, Front St. Depot at	9:53 P. M

NIGHT MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN, Daily

Leave Wilmington Front Street Depot at	8:40 P. M
Arrive at Weldon at	3.50 A M
Leave Weldon daily, at	2 15 A M
Arrive at Wilmington Front St Depot at	8 45 A M

Trains on Tarboro Branch Road leave Rocky Mount for Tarboro at 5.00 P. M. Daily, and Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4.00 A. M. Returning, leave Tarboro at 10.00 A. M. daily, and Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8.30 P. M.

The Day Train makes close connection at Weldon for all points North via Bay Line, daily except Sunday, and daily via Richmond and all-rail route.

Night Train makes close connection at Weldon for all points north via Richmond.

Sleeping Cars attached to all Night Trains.

JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't

je 15—tf

GEN. SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R. Company.

WILMINGTON, N. C., June 13, 1879.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after Sunday, June 15th, the following schedule will be run on this road:

DAY EXPRESS AND MAIL TRAIN—(Daily.)

Leave Wilmington	9.05 A. M
Arrive Florence	1 25 P. M
Leave Florence	3.50 P M
Arrive at Wilmington	8 20 P V

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN, (daily)

Leave Wilmington	10 13 P M
Leave Florence	2.50 A M
Arrive at Columbia	9.00 A. M
Leave Columbia	6 60 A M
Leave Florence at	2.55 A. M
Arrive at Wilmington	6.50 A M

This Train stops only at Flemington, Whiteville, Fair Bluff, Marion.

Passengers for Augusta (via Columbia), should take Night Express Train from Wilmington.

Through Sleeping Cars on night trains for Charleston and Augusta;

JOHN F. DIVINE, Gen. Sup't.

je 13—tf.

Carolina Central Railway Company.

OFFICE GEN'L SUPERINTENDENT, WILMINGTON, N. C., March 18, 1879.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after Monday, 16th instant, the following Schedule will be operated on this Railway:

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN

No. 1.	Leave Wilmington at	6.30 A. M
	Arrive at Hamlet at	2:00 P. M
	" Charlotte at	8:15 A. M
No. 2.	Leave Charlotte at	8:20 A. M
	Arrive at Hamlet at	2:00 P. M
	" Wilmington at	10:00 P. M

SHELBY DIVISION MAIL, FREIGHT & PASSENGER AND EXPRESS

No. 9.	Leave Charlotte	7:40 A. M.
	Arrive at Shelby	11:15 A. M.
No. 10.	Leave Shelby	12:45 P. M
	Arrive at Charlotte	4:30 P. M

The above Trains have Passenger accommodations, and are the only ones permitted to carry Passengers.

V. Q. JOHNSON,

Chief Engineer and Superintendent.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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SHAPE & SIZE OF A SEMINAL PASTILLE

A Valuable Discovery and New Departure in Medical Science, an entirely new and positively effective Remedy for the speedy and permanent Cure of Seminal Emissions & Impotency by the only true way, viz: Direct Application to the principal seat of the Disease, acting by Absorption, and exerting its specific influence on the Seminal Vesicles Ejaculatory Ducts, Prostrate Gland and Urethra. The use of the Remedy is attended with no pain or inconvenience, is quickly dissolved, absorbed, producing an immediate soothing and restorative effect upon the sexual and nervous organization wrecked from self-abuse and excesses, stopping the Drain upon the system, restoring the mind to health and sound memory, removing the Dimness of Sight, Nervous Debility, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, &c., &c., and the appearance of premature old age usually accompanying this trouble, and restoring perfect Sexual Vigor, where it has been dormant for years. This mode of treatment has stood the test in very severe cases, and is now a pronounced success. Drugs are too much prescribed in these troubles, and, as many can bear witness, with but little if any permanent good. There is no Nonsense about this Preparation, Practical observation enables us to positively guarantee, that it will give satisfaction. During the eight years that it has been in general use, we have thousands of testimonials as to its value, and it is now conceded by the Medical Profession to be the most rational means yet discovered of reaching and curing this very prevalent trouble, that is well known to be the cause of untold misery to so many, and upon whom quacks prey with their useless nostrums and Big Fees. The Remedy is put up in a neat box; enough to last a month, and sent in a plain wrapper by mail, sealed for $5 00 to $6 00, (sufficient to effect a permanent cure unless in extreme cases) $10—Three boxes lasting three full months will stop emissions, and restore vigor, in the worst cases, $15—Full DIRECTIONS for using will accompany each BOX.

Send for a Descriptive Pamphlet giving Anatomical Illustrations, which will convince the most sceptical that they can be restored to perfect manhood, and fitted for the duties of life, unless their vitals are affected.

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HARRIS REMEDY CO., MF'G CHEMISTS.

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Dec 8—t

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MARRIAGE—"The Private Medical Adviser" on Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, &c., also on Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility, and Impotency, from Self-abuse and Excesses, causing Seminal Emissions, Nervousness, Aversion to Society, Confusion of Ideas, Physical decay, Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Loss of Sexual Power, etc., making marriage improper or unhappy, giving treatment, and a great many valuable receipts for the cure of all private diseases; same size, over 80 plates, 50 cents.

"Medical Advice."

a lecture on Manhood and Womanhood, 10 cents; or all three in one neatly bound volume, $1. They contain 300 pages and over 100 Illustrations, embracing everything on the generative system that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in any other work. The combined volume is positively the best Popular Medical Book published, and those dissatisfied after getting it can have their money refunded. The Author is an experienced Physician of many years practice, (as is well known,) and the advice given, and Rules for treatment laid down, will be found of great value to those suffering from impurities of the system, early errors, lost Vigor, or any of the numerous troubles coming under the head of "Private" or "Chronic" diseases.—Send in stamps, silver or coin, or complete in one, for Price in Stamps, Silver or Currency. (Consultation confidential, and letters are promptly and frankly answered without charge.) Address: Dr. Butts' Dispensary, 12 N. 8th St., St. Louis, Mo. (Established 1847.)

DR. BUTTS invites all persons suffering from RUPTURE to send him their names and address, and hereby assures them that they will learn something to their advantage.—Not a Truss.

December 8—tf

DR. A. G. OLIN

Private Hospital, 203 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill. Specialty, all Private, Chronic and Female Diseases. Consultation free. Ladies and Gentlemen, send one dollar for samples of best rubber goods, and valuable information by return mail. Reliable Female Pills, $5 per box. Private home and nurse for Ladies during confinement.

MARRIAGE GUIDE

A new work, price 50 cents by mail. Mysteries of Nature, Physiology of Marriage, Organs of Generation, Diseases of Youth and Manhood; a wealth of choice and valuable information, of interest to both sexes. Nothing offensive to good taste and refinement. Information never before published. No family should be without it. Address, Dr. A. G. OLIN, 203 Clark St.

dec —tf

OPIUM and MORPHINE habit absolutely and speedily cured. Painless. No publicity. Send stamp for 100 pages. Dr. Collins, 203 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

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GOLD Great chance to make money. If you can't get gold you can get greenbacks. We need a person in every town to take subscriptions for the largest, cheapest and illustrated family publication in the world. Any one can become a successful agent. The most elegant works of art given free to subscribers. The price is so low that almost everybody subscribes. One agent reports making over $100 in a week. A lady agent reports taking over 400 subscribers in ten days. All who engage make money fast. You can devote all your time to the business, or only your spare time. You need not be away from home over night. You can do it as well as others. Full particulars, directions and terms free. Elegant and expensive Outfit free. If you want profitable work send us your address at once. It costs nothing to try the business. No one who engages fails to make great pay. Address "The People's Journal," Portland, Maine. aug 7—1dm.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LIFE IN A BOTTLE.

The Most Valuable Medical Discovery Known to the World—No More Use For Quinine, Calomel or Mineral Poisons—Life for the Blood, Strength For the Nerves, and Health for All.

AN OPEN LETTER TO THE PUBLIC.

Believing that by cleansing the blood and building up the constitution was the only true way of banishing disease and being troubled with weakness of the lungs, catarrh, very much broken down in constitution, &c., and after trying the best physicians and paying out my money for many kinds of medicines advertised without finding a permanent cure, I began doctoring myself, using medicines made from roots and herbs. I fortunately discovered a wonderful Bitters or Blood Cleanser, the first bottle of which gave me new life and vigor, and in time effected a permanent cure. I was free from catarrh, my lungs became strong and sound, being able to stand the most severe cold and exposure, and I have gained over thirty pounds in weight. Feeling confident that I had made a wonderful discovery in medicine, I prepared a quantity of the Root Bitters, and was in the habit of giving them away to sick friends and neighbors. I found the medicine effected the most wonderful cures of all diseases caused from humors or scrofula in the blood. Imprudence, Bad Stomach, Weakness, Kidney Disease, Torpid Liver, &c., &c. The news of my discovery in this way spread from one person to another until I found myself called upon to supply patients with medicine far and wide and I was induced to establish a laboratory for compounding and bottling the Root Bitters in large quantities, and I now devote all my time to this business.

I was at first backward in presenting either myself or discovery in this way to the public, not being a patent medicine man and with small capital, but I am getting bravely over that. Since I first advertised this medicine I have been crowded with orders from druggists and country dealers, and the hundreds of letters I have received from persons cured, prove the fact that no remedy ever did so much good in so short a time and had so much success as the Root Bitters. In fact, I am convinced that they will soon take the lead of all other medicines in use. Nearly one hundred retail druggists, right here at home in Cleveland, now sell Root Bitters, some of whom have already sold over one thousand bottles.

Root Bitters are strictly a medicinal preparation, such as was used in the good old days of our forefathers, when people were cured by some simple root or plant, and when calomel and other poisons of the mineral kingdom were unknown.

They act strongly on the liver and kidneys, keep the bowels regular and build up the nervous saystem. They penetrate every part of the body, searching out every nerve, bone and tissue from the head to the feet cleansing and strengthening the fountain springs of life, hence they must reach all diseases by purification and nourishment.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, what the disease or ailments is, use Root Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or miserable, use the Bitters at once. It may save your life.

Thousands of persons in all parts of the country are already using ROOT BITTERS, They have saved many lives of consumptives who had been given up by friends and physicians to die, and have permanently cured many old chronic cases of Catarrh, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and skin Diseases, where all other treatments had failed. Are you troubled with sick headache, costiveness, dizziness, weakness, bad taste in the mouth, nervousness, and broken down down in constitution? You will be cured if you take ROOT BITTERS. Have you humors and pimples on your face or skin? Nothing will give you such good health, strength, and beauty as ROOT BITTERS.

☞ I know that jealous physicians will cry humbug because my discovery cures so many of their patients, but I care not. It is now my desire and determination to place my ROOT BITTERS as fast as possible within the reach of all those suffering throughout the world. Sold by wholesale and retail druggists and country merchants, or sent by express on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles $5.00. For certificates of wonderful cures, see my large circular around each bottle of medicine. Read and judge for yourself.

☞ Ask your druggist or merchant for FRAZIER'S ROOT BITTERS, the great Blood Cleanser, and take no substitute he may recommend because he makes a larger profit.

G. W. FRAZIER, Discoverer

338 Superior St., Cleveland, O.

For sale by T. S. Burbank, Wilmington, N. C.

OLD, TRIED, AND TRUE.

People are getting acquainted—and those who are not ought to be—with the wonderful merits of that great American Remedy, the

MEXICAN Mustang Liniment,

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

This Liniment very naturally originated in America, where Nature provides in her laboratory such surprising antidotes for the maladies of her children. Its fame has been spreading for 25 years, until now it encircles the habitable globe.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment is a matchless remedy for all external ailments of man and beast.

To stock owners and farmers it is invaluable.

A single bottle often saves a human life or restores the usefulness of an excellent horse, ox, cow, or sheep.

It cures foot-rot, hoof-ail, hollow horn, grub, screw worm, shoulder-rot, mange, the bites and stings of poisonous reptiles and insects, and every such drawback to stock breeding and bush life.

It cures every external trouble of horses, such as lameness, scratches, swinny, sprains, founder, wind-gall, ring bone, etc., etc.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment is the quickest cure in the world for accidents occurring in the family, in the absence of a physician, such as burns, scalds, sprains, cuts, etc., and for rheumatism, and stiffness engendered by exposure. Particularly valuable to Miners.

It is the cheapest remedy in the world, for it penetrates the muscle to the bone, and a single application is generally sufficient to cure.

Mexican Mustang Liniment is put up in three sizes of bottles, the larger ones being proportionately much the cheapest. Sold everywhere.

February 1 1y

CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

AT the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute Troy, N. Y. Next term begins Sept. 11. The Annual Register for 1879 contains a list of the graduates for the past 32 years, with their positions, also courses of study, requirements for admission, expenses, &c. Address, WM. H. YOUNG, Treasurer.

jy 2 12m

THE WILMINGTON POST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, NOV. 2, 1879.

THE SYNOD OF NORTH CAROLINA.

This body was opened at Statesville on the 23d ult., by Rev. Dr. Wilson of this city, the moderator of the last annual session, in a sermon on the 5th chapter of Revelations, and dealt with Christ as the living head of the church. Rev. E. N. Rockwell was elected moderator.

On the second day the committees were appointed, and communications from Presbyteries received.

The report of the committee on systematic benevolence showed that the Mecklenburg Presbytery had contributed to all objects $3,722, an increase of $382; Concord, $1,900; Orange, $3,279; Wilmington, $895; and Fayetteville, $1,718.

The report of the agent of sustentation showed the following:

The total number of ministers in the Synod is 117; licentiates, 7; churches, 222. The amount paid in salaries is $57,354; average salary actually paid laboring ministers by the several Presbyteries as follows: Orange, with 3,515 communicants, $653; Concord, with 3,526 communicants, $584; Fayetteville, with 4,925 communicants, $659; Wilmington, with 1,727 communicants, $688; Mecklenburg, with 4,054 communicants, $530.

The subject of providing more vigorous measures for the education of a colored ministry was then discussed.

On the third day it was decided to hold the next Synod at the First Presbyterian Church at Raleigh, and then:

Rev. L. McKinnon presented the report on Education. It showed that there were sixteen candidates for the ministry under the charge of the Presbyteries, three less than last year. Of these sixteen, eleven are beneficiaries, two are receiving aid from the church, and one is supported by a minister of Mecklenburg Presbytery. The whole amount raised for education is $4,349, which is $2,161 84 more than the contributions made last year.

The first day of February 1880, was designated as a day of prayer to God for the outpouring of His spirit, and the interests of Davidson College were discussed, and a committee consisting of Revs. L. C. Voss, H. G. Hill and J. H. South appointed to prepare a paper on the importance of sustaining the College.

The committee on statistical reports showed that three ministers had died during the year, and provision was made to observe their death.

The report of Sunday Schools reported 5,172 scholars—an increase of 645. A resolution recommending increased energy in Sunday schools was adopted.

The sum of $624 48 was reported to have been raised for publication. Mr. John McLaurin, the editor of the *Presbyterian*, was heard in the interests of his paper, and the Rev. J. M. Atkinson advocated its support.

The Home Missions showed a total of $4,947, for the year. All the Presbyteries had increased their contributions and thirty-three Sunday schools had raised $631. Sixty-two churches had contributed nothing. The largest contribution was from the church at Statesville—$173.

On the fourth day the subject of Foreign Missions was taken up, and an address heard from Dr. McIlwaine.

A paper advising pastors and people not to countenance the preaching of women was presented. A brisk discussion arose on the subject, and finally the Synod unanimously passed the following preamble and resolution:

WHEREAS, Some of our people have been disturbed by "women preaching," and some of our brethren have desired from this body a deliverance upon this subject; therefore,

Resolved, That public preaching by women, being opposed to the word of God, therefore opposed to the welfare of his people, all our members are instructed to give it no countenance.

Adjourned to Raleigh.

STATE ITEMS.

Rosin Mountain *Republican*: Now the Road Law makes a youth eighteen years old work not less than three days (and may do twenty days) in every year for three years, *when he has no representation in the General Assembly*; and no voice in the matter at all.

Col. William Johnston of Charlotte has been invited to deliver the address at the Fayetteville Fair.

The Catawba river has been on a rise, and at last accounts was all afloat with drowned cattle, hogs, and no end of pumpkins.

Dr. Sears, General Agent of the Peabody Fund, has informed Supt. Scarborough that no money will be issued directly to schools, but that the portion allotted to this state will be directed to the education of teachers.

It is expected that the American Rapid Telegraph Company will soon reach Wilmington. The wires will be steel, coated with copper. It is claimed that on account of cheapness and rapidity it will sweep the entire field of telegraphy.

The Statesville *American* says: The Wilmington *Post* is jubilant over the result in Ohio, and sees in it the certain nomination and election of Hon. John Sherman as the next President of the United States. There is no doubt that the statesmanship and financial skill of Mr. Sherman contributed largely to the result in Ohio, and that his popularity is wide-spread throughout the land is equally true. Mr. Sherman occupies a firm position upon the Republican platform of "honest money" and equal rights, is opposed to a redundant and irredeemable paper circulation variable in values, perhaps no value at all, and for an indivisable Union of all the states.

The game of Ape hunting at Hickory is peculiar. They place one fellow at the end of a log, deep in the woods, to hold the bag to catch the Apes as they run along the log. Then the rest of the party go out to skirmish for Apes—and do not come back, and the fellow who holds the bag can't find his way home. Therein is the joke.

Father O'Hara, who has been a missionary for more than twenty years in South Africa, and is thoroughly acquainted with the different dialects spoken there, is now in London, where he is organizing an Irish colony to settle in Zululand.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

45 Years Before the Public.

THE GENUINE

DR. C. McLANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis, or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increases on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness; the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the LIVER to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER.

DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN CASES OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a FAIR TRIAL.

For all bilious derangements, and as a simple purgative, they are unequaled.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar coated.

Every box has a red wax seal on the lid, with the impression DR. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

The genuine McLANE'S LIVER PILLS bear the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrappers.

Insist upon having the genuine DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name *McLane*, spelled differently but same pronunciation.

dec 8.—1y

$66 A WEEK in your town, and no capital risked. You can give the business a trial without expense. The best opportunity ever offered for those willing to work. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business we offer. No room to explain here. You can devote all your time or only your spare time to the business, and make great pay for every hour that you work. Women make as much as men.—Send for special private terms and particulars, which we mail free. $5 Outfit free. Don't complain of hard times while you have such a chance. Address

H. HALLETT & CO.,
aug 10—1y Portland, Maine

THIS is to give notice that on the 17th day of June, 1878, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Cape Fear District of North Carolina against the estate of Josiah H. Bryan, of Newton Grove, in the county of Sampson, in said District, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition, that the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a court of bankruptcy, to be holden on the 14th day of Nov., A. D. 1879, at 10 o'clock a. m., at Fayetteville, N. C., before Wm. A. Guthrie, Esq., Register in bankruptcy of said District.

J. B. HILL,
feb 1 Marshal for said District.

SUPERIOR COURT, NEW HANOVER COUNTY. } STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Samuel L. Smith and wife, Mary V. Smith, Plaintiffs.
vs.
Frederick Rhen and Henry J. Stedman wife Anna J. Stedman, Defendants.

THIS IS A SPECIAL PROCEEDING instituted before the Clerk of the Superior Court for the purpose of settling aside a judgment and decree in a former proceeding in partition, and to have the plaintiffs declared tenants in common with defendants Rhen, in a certain lot described in the petition in this cause, and for an account of the rents, issues and profits of the said premises.

The defendants, Henry J. Stedman and wife, Anna J. Stedman are hereby notified to appear before the Clerk of the said Court, at the Court House in the city of Wilmington, on Monday, Nov. 24th, 1879, then and there to answer or demur to the petition herein or judgment will be given against them according to the prayer of the said petition.

oct 13-in' 3 S. VANAMRINGE, C. S. C.

BEST business you can engage in. $5 to $20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Particulars and samples worth $5 sent free. To prove you can spare time at this business. Address H. ELLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. apl 18—1y

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted—Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Me. may 25 1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

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NEW YORK HOUSE.

M. HANSTEIN,

No. 15 Market St.,

Wholesale and Retail

DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Clothing,

Hats,

Caps,

Boots and Shoes,

Trunks,

Carpet Bags,

Valises, &c.

The Largest and Best Selected Stock Ever Brought to This MARKET.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

BRANCH HOUSE at Clinton, N. C.
october 19—tf

SURE CURE FOR PILES.

A sure cure for the blind, bleeding, itching and ulcerated piles has been discovered by Dr. William (an Indian remedy), called Dr. William's Indian Ointment. A single box has cured the worst old chronic cases of twenty-five and thirty years' standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions, instruments and suppositories do more harm than good. William's Ointment absorbs the tumors, allays the intense itching (particularly at night after getting warm in bed), acts as a poultice, gives instant and painless relief, and is prepared only for Piles, itching of the private parts and nothing else.

"I consulted physicians in Philadelphia, Louisville, Cincinnati Indianapolis and this city, and spent hundreds of dollars, and found no relief until I obtained a box of Dr. William's Indian Ointment some four months ago, and it has cured me completely."

JOSEPH M. RYDER, Cleaveland, O.

"Has done me more good than all the medicine I ever tried, and I have spent more than $100 with doctors, besides medicines I am sure cost me more than $80."

DAVID SPARLING, Ingraham, Ill.

"Have suffered twenty years with itching and ulcerated piles; having used every remedy that came to my notice without benefit, until I used Indian Ointment and received immediate relief.

JAMES CARROLL, (an old miner), Tecoma, Nevada.

☞No Pile Remedy ever gained such rapid favor and extensive sale. Sold by all wholesale and retail druggists. For sale by T. S. BURBANK.

March 23—1y.

U can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. $12 per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted every where to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & Co Augusta, Maine. apl 9-11

SEND TO F. G. RICH & CO., Portland, Maine, for best Agency Business in the World. Expensive outfit free. may 18—1y.

$1500 TO $6000 A YEAR or $5 to $20 a day in your own locality as men. Many make more than the amount stated above. No one can fail to make money fast. Any one can do the work. You can make from 50 cts to $2 an hour by devoting your evenings and spare time to the business. Nothing like it for money making was ever offered before. Business pleasant and strictly honorable. Reader, if you want to know all about the best paying before the public, send us your address and we will send you full particulars and private terms free; samples worth $5 also free; you can then make up your mind for yourself.—Address GEORGE STINSON & CO. Portland, Maine
august 16-1y

D. M. DART.

PRACTICAL PLUMBER, STEAM AND GAS FITTER,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

CAN STILL BE FOUND AT HIS OLD stand, Journal Building, Princess street where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, cheaper than ever before offered to the public. Has constantly on hand

Bath Tubs,

Water Closets,

Wash Stands,

Pumps of all descriptions,

Drain Pipes,

Gas Pipes,

Gas Fixtures, &c., &c.

Personal attention given to all work. Satisfaction guaranteed.
december 21 tf

DYKES' BEARD ELIXIR

CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

AT the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute of Troy, N. Y. Next term begins Sept. 12. The Annual Register for 1879 contains a list of the graduates for the past 32 years, with their positions, also course of study, requirements for admission, expenses, &c. Address, WM. H. YOUNG, Treasurer.
jy 26 1m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HAVING THE LARGEST STOCK

IN THE CITY.

WITH ABUNDANT FACILITIES

INCREASING THE SAME,

WE are, from our long experience in business, prepared to offer,

GREATER INDUCEMENTS

TO PURCHASERS OF

GROCERIES

And articles in our line than can be offered by any other establishment, and we

Guarantee Satisfaction

To all who will give us a call.

☞A FAIR TRIAL IS ALL WE ASK.☜

ADRIAN & VOLLERS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Southeast cor. Front and Dock Sts.
august 24 tf

OLD AND RELIABLE.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is Cathartic and Tonic.

TRY IT

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

To Have Good Health, the Liver must be kept in order; its unhealthy action causes Bilious Attacks, Jaundice, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Headache, Bowel Complaints, Seasickness, and other Disorders.

The Liver is the seat of malarial diseases. The Liver Invigorator protects the system from Miasmatic Influences. It Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Bowels, Assists Digestion, and Strengthens the System.

The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public, for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

S. T. W. SANFORD, M.D. 162 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

ANY DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS REPUT

may 18—1y.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

October 25.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened strong at an advance of 2 cts with sales of 105 casks at 38 cents per gallon for country packages, closing steady.

ROSIN.—The market was firm at $1 40 for Strained and Good Strained. No Sales reported. In fine rosins the receipts were light and demand good.

TAR.—Market was steady at $1 25 per bbl. of 280 lbs, with no sales reported.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm the receipts of the day being placed at $1 50 for Hard and $2 50 for Yellow Dip.

COTTON.—The market for this article was firm with sales of 100 bales at the following official quotations:

Ordinary,	— cts	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	10¼	" "
S. Good Ordinary,	—	" "
Low Middling	10¼	" "
Middling	10¼	" "
Good Middling	10	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	1,222 bales
Spirits turpentine	151 casks
Rosin	729 bbls
Tar,	44 bbls
Crude turpentine	160 bbls

October 27.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—The market was firm, sales reported of 100 casks at 39 cents, 350 do at 40 cents, and 300 do at 41 cts per gallon, for country packages.

ROSIN—The market was firm at $1 40 for Strained and Good Strained on private terms. Sales of fine rosins as follows: "H and No 1 and Extra No 1, at $3 25, 76 on H and No. 1 and Pale at $3 50@$3 75 per bbl.

TAR—Market for this article was firm at $1 30 per bbl, of 280 lbs., with no sales reported.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market was firm, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 50 for Hard and $2 50 for Yellow Dip.

COTTON.—The market for this article opened and closed quiet, with sales 350 bales. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	9¾	cents ₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	10¼	" "
Strict Good Ordinary,	—	" "
Low Middling,	10¼	" "
Middling,	10¼	" "
Good Middling,	10¼	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	1,474 bales
Spirits Turpentine	355 casks
Rosin,	903 bbls
Tar,	— bbls
Crude Turpentine	234 bbls

October 28.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market for this article opened firm at 41 cts per gallon for country packages, with sales reported of 550 casks at that price.

ROSIN.—The market opened firm at $1 40 for Strained and Good Strained without reported sales.

TAR.—The market opened firm at $1 30 per bbl. of 280 lbs, with light receipts and sales.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm the receipts of the day being placed at $1 50 for Hard and $2 50 for Yellow Dip.

COTTON—The market for this article opened firm, with small sales at the following official quotations:

Ordinary,	9¾	cts ₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	10	" "
Strict Good Ordinary,	—	" "
Low Middling,	10¼	" "
Middling,	10¼	" "
Good Middling,	10¼	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	2,575 bales
Spirits Turpentine,	496 casks
Rosin,	1,788 bbls
Tar,	6 bbls
Crude Turpentine,	412 bbls

October 29.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened firm at 42 cents per gallon for regular packages, at which price 550 casks changed hands, and 200 do at 42½ cents, closing firm at the latter figure.

ROSIN.—Sales reported of 400 bbls Strained at $1 40, the market closing firm at $1 45 for Strained and Good Strained. Fine Rosins continue in active demand at good prices.

TAR.—Market was firm, at $1 40 per bbl, of 280 lbs., with no receipts.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Sales reported at $1 50 for Hard and $2 50 for Yellow Dip, marken firm.

COTTON.—The market for this article opened firm, at the following official quotations:

Ordinary,	9¾	cts ₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	10¼	" "
Strict Good Ordinary,	—	" "
Low Middling,	10¼	" "
Middling,	10¼	" "
Good Middling,	10¼	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	707 bales.
Spirits Turpentine,	104 casks.
Rosin,	626 bbls.
Tar,	— "
Crude turpentine,	240 "

October 30.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—The market opened firm at 44 cents per gallon for country packages. Sales reported of 300 casks at 44 cents, 200 at 45 cents, and 200 at 45½ cents, closing firm at the latter figure.

ROSIN—The market opened firm at $1 45 for Strained and $1 50 for Good Strained, withsales reported of 1,000 bbls Good Strained at $1 50 and 25 do E at $1 55 per bbl. Fine rosins continue in good demand.

TAR—Sales reported at $1 45 per bbl of 280 lbs, the market closing firm at $1 50 bid.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—The market was firm, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 75 for Hard, $2 75 for Yellow Dip.

COTTON—Market quiet with sales at the following official quotations:

Ordinary,	—	cts ₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	9¾	" "
Strict G. Ordinary	10¼	" "
Low Middling,	10¼	" "
Middling	10¼	" "
Good Middling,	10¼	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	1,347 bales
Spirits turpentine,	451 casks.
Rosin,	2,692 bbls.
Tar,	73 "
Crude turpentine,	813 "

October 31.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened firm at 47 cents per gallon for regular packages, at which price 150 casks changed hands, colsing dull and irregular.

ROSIN—The market opened firm at $1 45 for Strained and $1 50 for Good Strained with no sales reported. In fine rosins in good demand.

TAR.—Market was firm at $1 65 per bbl., of 280 lbs, without reported sales.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—The market opened firm at $1 75 for Hard and $2 75 for Yellow Dip.

COTTON.—The market opened and closed firm, with sales redorted of 300 bales at the following official quotations:

Ordinary,	9¾	cts ₱ lb
Good Ordinary	10	" "
Strict Good Ordinary,	10¼	" "
Low Middling,	10¼	" "
Middling,	10¼	" "
Good Middling,	10¼	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	525 bales
Spirits Turpentine	135 casks
Rosin,	273 bbls
Tar,	— bbls
Crude Turpentine.	930 bbls

MONTHLY STATEMENT.

The following is the stock of Cotton and Naval Stores in yard and afloats at the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Nov 1, 1879.

Cotton in yard, bales	2,509	
" afloat,	4,192	—13,701
Spirits Turpt. in yrd cks.	12,584	
" "	45	—12,604
Rosin in yard, bbls.	112,789	
" afloat,	5,214	—117,973
Tar in yard, bbls,	4,166	
" afloat,	000	—4,166
Crude Turpt. in yrd, bbls	1,129	
" afloat.	000	—1,129

Receipts for the Month ending Nov. 1st, 1879.

Cotton	25,597 bales
Spirits Turpentine,	10,021 casks
Rosin,	37,128 bbls
Tar,	1,350 bbls
Crude Turpentine,	1,194 bbls

Exports for the Month ending Nov. 1st, 1879—Domestic.

Cotton,	8,162
Spirits Turpentine,	2,851
Rosin,	1,378
Tar,	2,066
Crude Turpentine,	235

NEW ADVETISEMENTS.

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TOP BUGGIES AND PHÆTONS,

Best material, good workmanship, handsome styles, strong and durable vehicles in every respect.

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I have used one of your Top Buggies three years, and three of them two years in my livery stable, and they have given me perfect satisfaction and are in constant use.
OSCAR SMALLEY.

Messrs. COPROCK & JOHNSON: NEWBERRY, S. C., July 17, 1879
Dear Sirs:—I have been using the Emerson & Fisher Buggy I bought from you as roughly I suppose as any one could. I had a fast horse, drove him at full speed, sometimes with two grown ladies and myself in the Buggy, and it is to-day worth all the money I paid for it. I say the Emerson & Fisher Buggies will do.
A. M. TEAGUE, Farmer.

The favorable reputation the Carriages have made in localities where they have been used for several years by Liverymen, Physicians, Farmers and others requiring hard and constant use, has led to an increased demand from those localities, to meet which the manufacturing facilities of their mammouth establishment have been extended, enabling them now to turn out in good style.

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It contains greater and more powerful

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